

5.6. NEJEDNAKOSTI SOBOLEVA

- GOVORE O NEPŘEKIDNOSTI ULAGANJA $W^{k,p}$
- PRVO ZA $W^{1,p}$, INDUKTIVNO ZA VIŠE
- DOKAZUJEME ZA GLATKÉ, TO GUSTOČI PŘÍBLIŽNO
- OSHOVNO PITANJĚ:

$$W^{1,p} \hookrightarrow ?$$

- ODGOVOR JISI O:

$$1 \leq p < n$$

$$p = n$$

(KASHIJE)

$$n < p \leq \infty$$

5.6.1. GAGLIARDO - HIRENBERG - SOBOLEV HĚJĚDNĀKOST

$$1 \leq p < \infty$$

ĚELIMO OĚENU OBLIKA:

$$\|u\|_{L^2(\mathbb{R}^n)} \leq C \|Du\|_{L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)}, \quad u \in C_c^\infty(\mathbb{R}^n)$$

ZA HEKE C, g HĚOVISHE O U

ŠTO MOĚEMO ŘĚCI O g?

HEKA JE $u \in C_c^\infty(\mathbb{R}^n)$, $u \neq 0$, $\lambda > 0$

$$u_\lambda(x) := u(\lambda x), \quad x \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

UBACIMO U HĚJĚDNĀKOST:

$$\|u_\lambda\|_{L^2(\mathbb{R}^n)} \leq C \|Du_\lambda\|_{L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)}, \quad \lambda > 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \|u_\lambda\|_{L^2(\mathbb{R}^n)}^2 &= \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |u(\lambda x)|^2 dx = \left| \gamma = \lambda x \right| = \frac{1}{\lambda^n} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |u(\gamma)|^2 d\gamma \\ &= \frac{1}{\lambda^n} \|u\|_{L^2(\mathbb{R}^n)}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \|Du_\lambda\|_{L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)}^p &= \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |Du_\lambda(x)|^p dx = \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |\lambda Du(\lambda x)|^p dx \\ &= \lambda^p \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |Du(\lambda x)|^p dx = \left| \gamma = \lambda x \right| = \frac{\lambda^p}{\lambda^n} \|Du\|_{L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)}^p \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{\lambda^{n/2}} \|u\|_{L^2(\mathbb{R}^n)} \leq C \frac{\lambda}{\lambda^{n/p}} \|Du\|_{L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)}, \quad \lambda > 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \|u\|_{L^2(\mathbb{R}^n)} \leq C \lambda^{(1 - \frac{n}{p} + \frac{n}{2})} \|Du\|_{L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)}, \quad \lambda > 0$$

$$\|u\|_{L^2(\mathbb{R}^n)} \leq C \lambda \left(1 - \frac{n}{p} + \frac{n}{q}\right) \|Du\|_{L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)}, \quad \lambda > 0$$

$$\lambda \rightarrow \frac{n}{p} + \frac{n}{q} > 0, \quad \lambda \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow \Leftarrow$$

$$1 - \frac{n}{p} + \frac{n}{q} < 0, \quad \lambda \rightarrow +\infty \Rightarrow \Leftarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{1 - \frac{n}{p} + \frac{n}{q} = 0}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{1}{q} = \frac{1}{p} - \frac{1}{n}, \quad q = \frac{np}{n-p}}$$

JEDINSTVENO ODREĐEN q !

~~DEF:~~ ZA $1 < p < n$ DEF: $p^* = \frac{np}{n-p}$
(SOBOLEVJEV KONJUGIRANI EKSPONENT)

$$\frac{1}{p^*} = \frac{1}{p} - \frac{1}{n} \leq \frac{1}{p} \Rightarrow p^* > p$$

TI ŽOKAZUJEMO U 2 KORAKA:

1. ZA $C_c^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$
2. ZA $W^{1,p}(U)$

TM 1 (GAGLIARDO - NIRENBERG - SOBOLEV)

HEKA JE $p \in (1, \infty)$, TADA $\exists C > 0$ T.D.

$$\|u\|_{L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)} \leq C \|Du\|_{L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)}, \quad u \in C_c^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$$

HAR:

- C JE NEKAKO O u, A ONSI O p i n

- BITNO JE DA JE KOMPAKTAN NOSAČ (u ≡ 1)

DOK:

1. KORAK: $p=1$

u S KOMPAKTNIM NOSAČEM & H-L

$$u(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{x_i} u_{x_i}(x_1, \dots, x_{i-1}, y_i, x_{i+1}, \dots, x_n) dy_i$$

$$|u(x)| \leq \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |Du(x_1, \dots, y_i, \dots, x_n)| dy_i \quad \left| \frac{1}{u-1} \right| \quad i=1, \dots, n$$

$$|u(x)|^{\frac{n}{n-1}} \leq \prod_{i=1}^n \left(\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |Du(x_1, \dots, y_i, \dots, x_n)| dy_i \right)^{\frac{1}{n-1}}$$

RAZLIČITI OČJETA (PRODUKT)

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |u(x)|^{\frac{n}{n-1}} dx_1 &\leq \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \prod_{i=1}^n \left(\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |Du| dy_i \right)^{\frac{1}{n-1}} dx_1 \\ &= \left(\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |Du| dy_1 \right)^{\frac{1}{n-1}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \prod_{i=2}^n \left(\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |Du| dy_i \right)^{\frac{1}{n-1}} dx_1 \end{aligned}$$

"PRODUKTI" HÖLDER

$$\int_{\cup} |u_1 \dots u_n| dx \leq \prod_{k=1}^n \|u_k\|_{L^{p_k}(U)}$$

$$\frac{1}{p_1} + \dots + \frac{1}{p_n} = 1$$

$$p_1, \dots, p_n \in [1, +\infty]$$

$$p_2 = \dots = p_n = u-1$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |u(x)|^{\frac{n}{u-1}} dx_1 \leq \left(\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |Du| dy_1 \right)^{\frac{1}{u-1}} \frac{n}{u} \left(\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |Du| dy_i \right) dx_1 \right)^{\frac{1}{u-1}}$$

- INTEGRIRANJE PO dx_2 LIJEVO I DESNO STRANU

- DESNO ~~POBIVATI~~ IMATI

ČLAN $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |Du| dy_2 dx_1$ KOJI IZIDE ISTRAN $\int dx_2$

HA OSTALIH $u-1$ ČLANOVA \sim "PRODUKCIJI" HÖLDER

- OSTANE $\left(\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |Du| dx_1 dx_2 \right)^{\frac{2}{u-1}}$ I TROSTRUKI $dx_1 dx_2 dy_i$
 $i \in \{3, \dots, n\}$

- INDUKTIVNO:

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |u|^{\frac{n}{u-1}} dx \leq \left(\int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |Du| dx \right)^{\frac{n}{u-1}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \|u\|_{L^{\frac{n}{u-1}}(\mathbb{R}^n)} \leq \|Du\|_{L^1(\mathbb{R}^n)} \quad u \in C_c^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$$

TO JE HEJEDNAKOST ZA $p=1$

2. KORAK

$$p \in (1, n)$$

ZA $v := |u|^\delta$, $\delta > 1 \Rightarrow |Dv| = \delta |u|^{\delta-1} |Du|$

$$\left(\int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |u|^{\frac{\delta n}{u-1}} dx \right)^{\frac{u-1}{\delta}} = \delta \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |u|^{\delta-1} |Du| dx$$

HÖLDER

$$\left(\frac{p-1}{p} + \frac{1}{p} = 1 \right) \leq \delta \left(\int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |u|^{(\delta-1) \frac{p}{p-1}} dx \right)^{\frac{p-1}{p}} \left(\int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |Du|^p dx \right)^{\frac{1}{p}}$$

IZIRAMO δ : $\frac{\delta n}{u-1} = (\delta-1) \frac{p}{p-1} \rightarrow \delta = \frac{p(u-1)}{n-p} > p \geq 1$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\gamma u}{u-1} = (\gamma-1) \frac{\gamma}{\gamma-1} = \frac{\gamma(u-1)}{u-\gamma} \frac{u}{u-1} = \frac{\gamma u}{u-\gamma} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\gamma} - \frac{1}{u}} = \gamma^*$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |u|^{\gamma^*} dx \right)^{\frac{u-1}{u}} \leq \gamma \left(\int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |u|^{\gamma} dx \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} \|\delta u\|_{L^{\gamma}(\mathbb{R}^n)}$$

$$\frac{u-1}{u} - \frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma} = \cancel{1} - \frac{1}{u} - \left(\cancel{1} - \frac{1}{\gamma} \right) = \frac{1}{\gamma} - \frac{1}{u} = \frac{1}{\gamma^*}$$

$$\Rightarrow \|u\|_{L^{\gamma^*}(\mathbb{R}^n)} \leq \gamma \|\delta u\|_{L^{\gamma}(\mathbb{R}^n)}$$

TH2 ($W^{1,p}$) HEKA JE $U \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ OTVOREN, OGRANIČEN,
 I U KLASI C^1 , $p \in (1, \infty)$, $u \in W^{1,p}(U)$.

TADA JE $u \in L^{p^*}(U)$ i

$$\|u\|_{L^{p^*}(U)} \leq C \|u\|_{W^{1,p}(U)}$$

PRI OČU C OVISI SAMO O p, n, U .

DOK: I U KLASI C^1

(TH1 u s.4) $\Rightarrow \exists E: W^{1,p}(U) \rightarrow W^{1,p}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ L.O.

$\bar{u} := Eu \in W^{1,p}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ KOMPAKTAN NOSIČ

$$\|\bar{u}\|_{W^{1,p}(\mathbb{R}^n)} \leq C \|u\|_{W^{1,p}(U)}$$

U KONT. NOSIČI & TH1 u s.3 (approx)

$\Rightarrow \exists (u_m) \in C_c^\infty(\mathbb{R}^n)$ $u_m \rightarrow \bar{u}$ $W^{1,p}(\mathbb{R}^n)$

$\Rightarrow u_m \rightarrow \bar{u}$ $L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)$

$Du_m \rightarrow D\bar{u}$ $L^p(\mathbb{R}^n) \Rightarrow (Du_m)$ C-NIZ U $L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)$

(TH1) $\Rightarrow \|u_m - u_l\|_{L^{p^*}(\mathbb{R}^n)} \leq C \|D(u_m - u_l)\|_{L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)} \leq C \|Du_m - Du_l\|_{L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)}$

$\Rightarrow (u_m)$ C-NIZ U $L^{p^*}(\mathbb{R}^n)$

$\Rightarrow u_m \rightarrow * \quad L^{p^*}(\mathbb{R}^n)$

JEDINSTVENOST LINEAR $\Rightarrow \bar{u} = * \in L^{p^*}(\mathbb{R}^n)$!

(TH1) $\Rightarrow \|u_m\|_{L^{p^*}(\mathbb{R}^n)} \leq C \|Du_m\|_{L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)}$

\downarrow

\downarrow

$$\|u\|_{L^{p^*}(U)} = \|\bar{u}\|_{L^{p^*}(U)} \leq \|\bar{u}\|_{L^{p^*}(\mathbb{R}^n)} \leq C \|D\bar{u}\|_{L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)} \leq C \|u\|_{W^{1,p}(U)}$$

TH 3 ($W_0^{1,p}$)

HEKA JE $U \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ OTVOREN, OGRANIČEN, $\tau \in (1, \infty)$, $u \in W_0^{1,p}(U)$.

TADA JE $u \in L^2(U)$ i

$$\|u\|_{L^2(U)} \leq C \|Du\|_{L^p(U)},$$

ZA SVAKI $q \in [1, p^*]$, TA OBMU C OVISI SAMO O p, τ, n, U .

HAT: OČJEHTE OVOG TIPA (TJA KONTROLIRANA DIFERENCIJALOM) ZOVU SE POINCARÉOVE NEJEDNAKOSTI.

DOK: $u \in W_0^{1,p}(U)$

$$\Rightarrow \exists (u_m) \in C_c^\infty(U), \quad u_m \rightarrow u \quad u \in W^{1,p}(U).$$

u_m PROŠIRIMO O DO $C_c^\infty(\mathbb{R}^n)$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{(TH1)} \Rightarrow & \|u_m\|_{L^{p^*}(\mathbb{R}^n)} \leq C \|Du_m\|_{L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)} & \\ & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ & \|u\|_{L^{p^*}(\mathbb{R}^n)} & \|Du\|_{L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)} \end{array}$$

ISTI ARGUMENT KAO PRIJE

$$\|u_m - u_c\|_{L^{p^*}(\mathbb{R}^n)} \leq C \|Du_m - Du_c\|_{L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)}$$

$$\text{C-H2} \quad \leftarrow \quad \text{C-H12}$$

$$\Rightarrow u_m \rightarrow * \quad u \in L^{p^*}(\mathbb{R}^n)$$

$$\text{JEDINSTVENOST LINIJA} \quad u = * \in L^{p^*}(\mathbb{R}^n)$$

$$\Rightarrow \|u\|_{L^{p^*}(\mathbb{R}^n)} \leq C \|Du\|_{L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)} = C \|Du\|_{L^p(U)}$$
$$\|u\|_{L^{p^*}(U)}$$

$$\|U\| < \infty \Rightarrow \|u\|_{L^2(U)} \leq C \|u\|_{L^{p^*}(U)} \Rightarrow 2 \in [1, p^*]!$$

HAFT 1:

1) $HA \ W^{1,p}(U)$

$|U| < \infty$

$$\|Du\|_{L^p(U)} \sim \|u\|_{W^{1,p}(U)}$$



$$u \ \|Du\|_{L^p(U)} \leq \|u\|_{W^{1,p}(U)} \leq C \|Du\|_{L^p(U)}$$

$$\left(\|u\|_{L^p(U)}^p + \|Du\|_{L^p(U)}^p \right)^{1/p}$$

HAFT 2

$$\|u\|_{L^p(U)} \leq C \|Du\|_{L^p(U)}$$

$$p \in \mathbb{R} \quad p \leq p^*$$

HAFT 2)

$$\|u\|_{L^{p^*}(U)} \leq C \|Du\|_{W^{1,p}(U)}$$

$$p \rightarrow u \quad \Rightarrow \quad p^* = \frac{np}{n-p} \rightarrow +\infty$$

HAFT 3:

$$\|u\|_{L^2(U)} \leq C \|u\|_{W^{1,4}(U)}$$

KONTRAPRINZIP: $n > 1 \quad U = B(0,1)$

$$u = \log \log \left(1 + \frac{1}{|x|} \right)$$

$$u \in W^{1,4}(U)$$

$$u \notin L^2(U).$$

5.6.2 MORREYJEVA NEJEDNAKOST

$$p \in \langle 1, +\infty \rangle$$

TH 4 (MORREY)

NEKA JE $p \in \langle 1, +\infty \rangle$. TADA $\exists C > 0$ T.D.

$$\|u\|_{C^{0,\delta}(\mathbb{R}^n)} \leq C \|u\|_{W^{1,p}(\mathbb{R}^n)}, \quad u \in C^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$$

PRI OEMU JE $\gamma := 1 - \frac{n}{p}$.

HAP: - C OVISI SAMO O p I n .

- ZAPRAVO ĆEMO KASHIJE POKAZATI DA $u \in W^{1,p}(\mathbb{R}^n) \Rightarrow u \in C^{0,\delta}(\mathbb{R}^n)$
ZA GODNJE p

PRI OEMU JE TROBNJA DA POSTOJI REPRESENTANT

DOK: 1. KORAK

TV: $\exists C > 0$ T.D

$$\int_{B(x,r)} |u(y) - u(x)| dy \leq C \int_{B(x,r)} \frac{|Du(y)|}{|y-x|^{n-1}} dy$$

DOK: "POLARNE KOORDINATE" $y = x + sw$, $w \in \partial B(0,1)$
 $s \in \langle 0, r \rangle$



$$\begin{aligned} \text{H-L: } |u(x+sw) - u(x)| &= \left| \int_0^s \frac{d}{dt} (u(x+tw)) dt \right| = \left| \int_0^s Du(x+tw) w dt \right| \\ &\leq \int_0^s |Du(x+tw)| dt \end{aligned}$$

POINTEERIRAN TO SFERI:

$$\int_{\partial B(0,1)} |u(x+sw) - u(x)| ds \leq \int_0^s \int_{\partial B(0,1)} |Du(x+tw)| \frac{t^{n-1}}{t^{n-1}} ds dt$$

INTEGRAL PO KUGLI $B(0,s)$ JACOBIAN

ZAMJENA VARIJABLI NA $B(x,s)$ $y = x + tw$, $t = |y-x|$

$$\int_{\partial B(0,1)} |u(x+Sw) - u(x)| dS \leq \int_{B(x,r)} \frac{|Du(y)|}{|x-y|^{n-1}} dy \stackrel{s \leq r}{=} \int_{B(x,r)} \frac{|Du(y)|}{|x-y|^{n-1}} dy$$

POHHOŽIH SA $s^{n-1} \cdot \int_0^r ds$

$$\int_{B(x,r)} |u(y) - u(x)| dy \leq \frac{r^n}{n} \int_{B(x,r)} \frac{|Du(y)|}{|x-y|^{n-1}} dy$$

C OVISI O n ~~!~~ r^n ODE U VOLUMEN KUGLE LIJEVO

2. KORAK $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$

$$|u(x)| \leq |u(x) - u(y)| + |u(y)| \quad \int_{B(x,1)} dy$$

$$|u(x)| \leq \int_{B(x,1)} |u(x) - u(y)| dy + \int_{B(x,1)} |u(y)| dy$$

$$\stackrel{TV}{\leq} C \int_{B(x,1)} \frac{|Du(y)|}{|x-y|^{n-1}} dy + \int_{B(x,1)} |u(y)| dy \leq C \quad \frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{q} = 1$$

HÖLDER $\| \cdot \|_{L^p(B(x,1))} \| \cdot \|_{L^q(B(x,1))}$

$$\leq C \|Du\|_{L^p(B(x,1))} \left(\int_{B(x,1)} \frac{dy}{|x-y|^{2(n-1)q}} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} + C \|u\|_{L^p(B(x,1))}$$

$\leq \|Du\|_{L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)} \leq \|u\|_{L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)}$

$$\frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{q} = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{q} = 1 - \frac{1}{p} = \frac{p-1}{p} \Rightarrow q = \frac{p}{p-1}$$

$$\int_{B(x,1)} \frac{dy}{|x-y|^{\frac{p}{p-1}(n-1)}} \approx \int_0^1 \frac{r^{n-1}}{r^{\frac{p}{p-1}(n-1)}} dr = \int_0^1 \frac{dr}{r^{\frac{n-1}{p-1}}} < \infty$$

ZA $\frac{n-1}{p-1} < 1$

$n-1 < p-1$

$n < p$ OK

$$\Rightarrow |u(x)| \leq C \|u\|_{W^{1,p}(\mathbb{R}^n)}$$

UZNEHM $\sup_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n} \Rightarrow \|u\|_{L^\infty(\mathbb{R}^n)} \leq C \|u\|_{W^{1,p}(\mathbb{R}^n)}$
 $C(\mathbb{R}^n)$

KORAK 3:

ISTI RAČUN ZA DVIJE TOČKE $x, y \in \mathbb{R}^n$, $r = |x - y|$

$$W := B(x, r) \cap B(y, r)$$

$$|u(x) - u(y)| \leq \int_W |u(x) - u(z)| dz + \int_W |u(y) - u(z)| dz$$

OCJENJUJEMO SVAKI NA ISTI NAČIN KAO PRIJE

$$\int_W |u(x) - u(z)| dz \leq \frac{|B(x, r)|}{|W|} \int_{B(x, r)} |u(x) - u(z)| dz$$

TV + HÖLDER

$$\leq \frac{|B(x, r)|}{|W|} C \|Du\|_{L^p(B(x, r))}$$

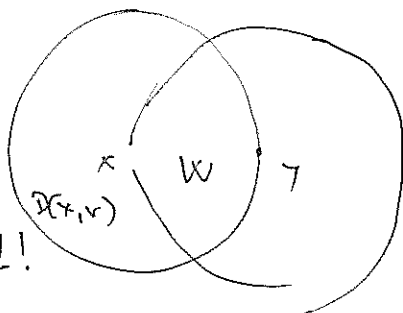
$$\left(\int_0^r \frac{ds}{s^{\frac{n-1}{p}}} \right)^{\frac{p-1}{p}}$$

" $1 - \frac{n}{p}$

$$\frac{|B(x, r)|}{|W|}$$



KONSTANTAN!



$$\leq C r^{1 - \frac{n}{p}} \|Du\|_{L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)}$$

(ISTO ZA DRUGU OBLAST)

$$\Rightarrow |u(x) - u(y)| \leq C r^{1 - \frac{n}{p}} \|Du\|_{L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{|u(x) - u(y)|}{|x - y|^{1 - \frac{n}{p}}} \leq C \|Du\|_{L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)}$$

$\sup_{x \neq y}$

$$\underline{[u]}_{C^{0, 1 - \frac{n}{p}}(\mathbb{R}^n)} \leq C \|Du\|_{L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)}$$

\Rightarrow TV!

TH5 ($W^{1,p}$)

NEKA JE $U \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ OTUOREN I OGRANIČEN, ŽU KLASA C^1 ,
 $p \in (1, +\infty]$, $u \in W^{1,p}(U)$. TADA \exists REPRESENTANT
 u^* OD U T.D. $u^* \in C^{0,\gamma}(\bar{U})$, $\gamma = 1 - \frac{1}{p}$ I

$$\|u^*\|_{C^{0,\gamma}(\bar{U})} \leq C \|u\|_{W^{1,p}(U)},$$

ŽBI ČETU C OVISI SAMO O p, n, U .

DOK: ŽU KLASA C^1 (TH1 U 5.4, PROSTIRANJE)

$$\Rightarrow \exists E: W^{1,p}(U) \rightarrow W^{1,p}(\mathbb{R}^n)$$

$$\bar{u} = Eu = u \text{ u } U$$

\bar{U} ITA KOMPAKTAN NOSAČ

$$\|\bar{u}\|_{W^{1,p}(\mathbb{R}^n)} \leq C \|u\|_{W^{1,p}(U)} \quad \text{NEPREKIDNOST } \bar{E}.$$

\bar{U} ITA KOMP. NOSAČ (TH1 U 5.3, APPROX C_c^∞)

$$\Rightarrow \exists (u_m) \subseteq C_c^\infty(\mathbb{R}^n) \text{ T.D. } u_m \rightarrow \bar{u} \text{ u } W^{1,p}(\mathbb{R}^n)$$

$$\text{TH4} \Rightarrow \|u_m - u_k\|_{C^{0,1-\frac{1}{p}}(\mathbb{R}^n)} \leq C \|u_m - u_k\|_{W^{1,p}(\mathbb{R}^n)}$$

$$(u_m) \text{ C-NIZ u } W^{1,p} \Rightarrow (u_m) \text{ C-NIZ u } C^{0,1-\frac{1}{p}}(\mathbb{R}^n)$$

POTRUBNOST

$$\Rightarrow u_m \rightarrow u^* \text{ u } C^{0,1-\frac{1}{p}}(\mathbb{R}^n) \quad \& \quad u^* \in C^{0,1-\frac{1}{p}}(\mathbb{R}^n)$$

$$\text{JEDINSTVENOST LINEARNA} \Rightarrow \bar{u} = u^* \text{ s.s. u } U$$

ČJETA

$$\|u_m\|_{C^{0,1-\frac{1}{p}}(\mathbb{R}^n)} \leq C \|u_m\|_{W^{1,p}(\mathbb{R}^n)}$$

↓

↓

$$\|u^*\|_{C^{0,1-\frac{1}{p}}(\bar{U})} \leq \|u^*\|_{C^{0,1-\frac{1}{p}}(\mathbb{R}^n)} \leq C \|u^*\|_{W^{1,p}(\mathbb{R}^n)} \leq C \|\bar{u}\|_{W^{1,p}(U)}$$