Structure Equation Model of Heptathlon

Lavoslav Čaklović, Darko Katović, Vesna Babić University of Zagreb

> BIOSTAT 2014 Dubrovnik, 11 - 14 June 2014

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Run 100m hurdless



External viewer

About heptathlon (women)

Event	Day
run100 (hurdless)	First
hjump	First
shot put	First
run200	First
ljump	Second
javelin	Second
rundccc	Second

About heptathlon (women)

		Results
Event	Day	(Benchmark)
run100 (hurdless)	First	13.85 s
hjump	First	1.82 m
shot put	First	17.07 m
run200	First	23.8 s
ljump	Second	6.48 m
javelin	Second	57.18 m
rundccc	Second	127.63 s

About heptathlon (women)

		Results		
Event	Day	(Benchmark)	Scores	
run100 (hurdless)	First	13.85 s	1000	
hjump	First	1.82 m	1000	
shot put	First	17.07 m	1000	
run200	First	23.8 s	1000	
ljump	Second	6.48 m	1000	
javelin	Second	57.18 m	1000	
rundccc	Second	127.63 s	1000	
		Total Score	7000	

Scoring function

International Association of Athletics Federations score:

$$IAAFscore(x) := a \cdot (\varepsilon \cdot (x - b))^{c}$$
 (1)

Approximation: (Loglike)

$$f(x) := \lambda - \alpha * \log\left(\frac{x-a}{\beta}\right),$$
 (2)

$$u: x \mapsto \frac{x-a}{\beta}$$
 (standardization) (3)

x - a = the distance from the asymptote, $\beta =$ unit length, $u(WR) \mapsto 1$.

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Loglike approximation f enables the comparison between disciplines.

Scoring function

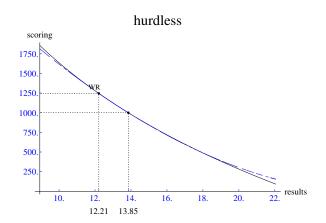


Figure 1: Loglike-scoring (solid line) and IAAF-scoring (dashed line).

Two (related) problems

Problems (related)

There are two problems:

- How to score?
- 2 Structure Equation Modeling (SEM)

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All calculation is done on the results of the OLL ondon 2012.

The first problem: Scoring

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Average	Average score		Result $\geq bnchmrk$			Stand. Benchmarks		
Event	%	Event	%		Vame	Val		
run100	16.7	run800	96	rı	un200	1.137		
hjump	15.4	run200	87	rı	un100	1.134		
run200	15.1	run100	37	rı	un800	1.127		
run800	14.2	hjump	29	Į	jump	1.120		
ljump	13.7	ljump	10	h	jump	1.118		
javelin	12.6	shot	1		shot	1.019		
shot	12.4	javelin	0	jā	avelin	1.011		

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Is there another evidence?

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• Is there another evidence? • Later

The second problem: SEM

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 - Some effort in this direction is done using the *Structure Equation Modeling* (SEM) and path analysis . . . a medium success. Heazlewood (2011).
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RS=Relative Strength

Speed=Running Speed

SEM

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 - Earlier attempt is that of Mackenzie (2007)... SEM matrix

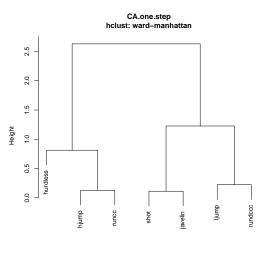
Event	AE	GS	Skill	RS	Speed	Mob	ES	SpE	StrE
100m	-	Med	High	High	High	High	High	Med	-
HJump	-	Low	High	High	High	High	High	-	-
Shot	-	High	High	Med	Low	Med	High	-	-
200m	Low	Med	Med	High	High	High	High	High	High
LJump	-	Low	High	High	High	High	High	-	-
Javelin	-	Med	High	High	Low	High	High	-	-
800m	High	-	Low	Low	Med	Low	-	-	High
AE=Aerobic Endurance			Mob=	Mobility					
GS=Gross Strength			ES=E	xplosive S	trength				

StrE=Strength Endurance Table 1: Motor skills impact on the event (score).

SpE=Speed Endurance

Analysis

Correspondence Analysis



One step Correspondent Analysis

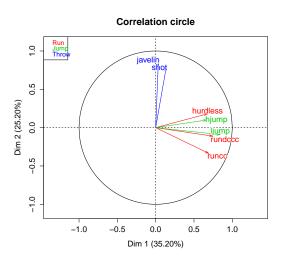
Event	w
hurdless	14.1
hjump	13.5
runcc	13.4
rundccc	13.0
ljump	12.8
javelin	12.7
shot	12.1

R-code for one step in CA

```
residuals<-function(M){
         <- M/sum(M)
  M.P
  M.r \leftarrow apply(M.P,1,sum)
  M.c \leftarrow apply(M.P,2,sum)
  M.Drmh <- diag(1/sqrt(M.r))</pre>
  M.Dcmh <- diag(1/sqrt(M.c))</pre>
  #M.res <- M.Drmh %*% (M.P-M.r%o%M.c) %*% M.Dcmh
  M.res <- M.Drmh %*% (M.P) %*% M.Dcmh
  colnames(M.res)<-colnames(M)
  rownames (M.res) <- rownames (M)
  return(M.res)
}
```

Scoring Table Analysis

Factor Analysis



Loadings: Run Jump Throw hurdless 0.886 0.305 1.008 hjump shot 0.406 0.863 runcc 1jump 0.413 0.501 0.834 javelin rundccc 0.433 0.364

Run Jump Throw SS loadings 1.889 1.399 0.953 Proportion Var 0.270 0.200 0.136 Cumulative Var 0.270 0.470 0.606

Marginal Scores

$$U(x_1,\ldots,x_7)=\sum_{i=1}^{\tau}f_i(x_i),\ x_i$$
 — *i*-th discipline.

toffM_{ij} =
$$\frac{i\text{-th marginal score}}{j\text{-th marginal score}} = \frac{\partial U/\partial u_i(u_{1000})}{\partial U/\partial u_j(u_{1000})}$$
.

Trade-off matrix between marginal scores at benchmark1000									
	run100	hjump	shot	run200	ljump	javelin	run800		
hurdless	1	1.66	11.2	0.99	1.6	15.57	0.96		
hjump	0.6	1	6.74	0.6	0.96	9.37	0.58		
shot	0.09	0.15	1	0.09	0.14	1.39	0.09		
runcc	1.01	1.67	11.27	1	1.61	15.66	0.96		
ljump	0.62	1.04	6.99	0.62	1	9.71	0.6		
javelin	0.06	0.11	0.72	0.06	0.1	1	0.06		
rundccc	1.04	1.73	11.69	1.04	1.67	16.25	1		

Marginal Weights

Ranking	from trade-off matrix
Event	W
hjump	0.598
run100	0.198
run200	0.096
ljump	0.071
run800	0.023
shot	0.013
javelin	0.002
	$deg o 21^\circ$

Motor Skill Matrix (msM)

Given: semM — SEM matrix and scoreM — score matrix

Table Ennis	hurdless 1193.96	hjump 1050.72	shot 813.017	runcc 1095.16	ljump 1000.	javelin 812.364	rundccc 985.055
Schwarzkopf	1084.99	1012.61	845.729	909.259	943.087	894.308	958.25
Chernova	1052.87	974.936	805.681	1012.49	1019.21	789.217	971.822
Skuisto	079 073	1120 24	1016 17	010 020	027 46	992 607	010 /6

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Score redistribution

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- 2° scoreM * semP =: msM motor skills matrix.

Table	AerEnd	GrStr	Skill	RelStr	Speed	Mob	ExpStr	SpEnd	StrEnd
Ennis	301	712	1097	999	1056	1037	1064	365	319
Schwarzkopf	281	694	1066	960	1005	1000	1027	324	292
Chernova	292	679	1049	955	1006	990	1013	336	307
Skujyte	246	721	1081	954	985	1005	1060	293	258

May be considered as a redistribution of scores over the skills.

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3° *msM* gives the measure(s) of heptathlete skills (via heptathlone)

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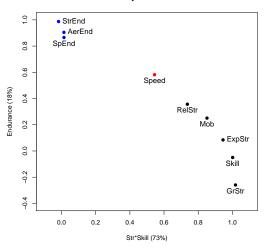
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3° msM gives the measure(s) of heptathlete skills (via heptathlone) — may influence a training programme in preparation period.

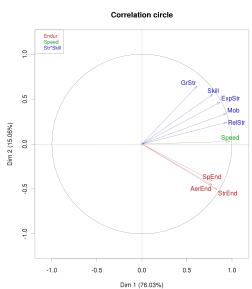
Skills Table — Factor Analysis

Factor Analysis - Motoric Skills



Loadings:		
Str+Skil	1 Endur	Eigval
AerEnd	0.905	6.544
GrStr 1.019		1.649
Skill 1.002		0.451
RelStr 0.737		0.289
Speed 0.544	0.582	0.037
Mob 0.851		0.028
ExpStr 0.945		0.002
SpEnd	0.866	0.000
StrEnd	0.987	0.000
St	r+Skill	Endur
SS loadings	4.499	2.881
Proportion Var	0.500	0.320
Cumulative Var	0.500	0.820

Skills table — Factor Analysis



```
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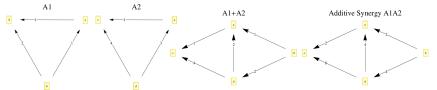
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Aggregation of synergy

Dealing with tables

Decision table			Extended part	
	<i>A</i> 1	<i>A</i> 2	$A1 \oplus A1$	<i>A</i> 1 ∘ <i>A</i> 1
а	2	4	2+4	2 * 4
b	1		??	??
С		5	??	??
d	3	1	3 + 1	3 * 1

Dealing with graphs



 \rightarrow motoric.skils.synergy.nb

References

What synergy means

Heazlewood, I. T. (2011). Factor Structure of the Women's Heptathlon: Applications of Traditional Factor Analysis and Structural Equation Modelling. Theories & Applications the International Edition, 1(1):114–125.

Mackenzie, B. (2007). Heptathlon. http://www.brianmac.co.uk/hepth.