

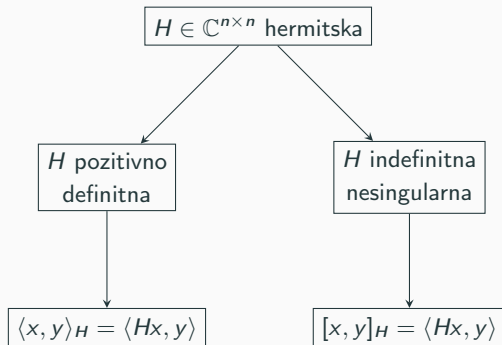
# Indefinitna CS dekompozicija

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## 1. linearnost u prvom argumentu

$$[\alpha x + \beta y, z]_H = \alpha[x, z]_H + \beta[y, z]_H, \quad \forall \alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{C}, \quad \forall x, y, z \in \mathbb{C}^n$$

## 2. hermitičnost

$$[x, y]_H = \overline{[y, x]_H}, \quad \forall x, y \in \mathbb{C}^n$$

## 3. nedegeneriranost

$$[x, y]_H = 0, \quad \forall y \in \mathbb{C}^n \Rightarrow x = 0$$

$[\cdot, \cdot] : \mathbb{C}^{n \times n} \times \mathbb{C}^{n \times n} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  sa svojstvima (1)-(3) je **indefinitan skalarni produkt**

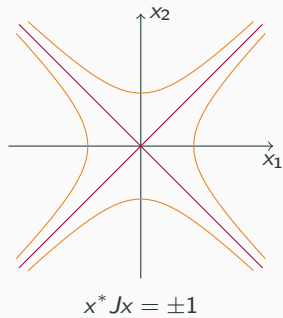
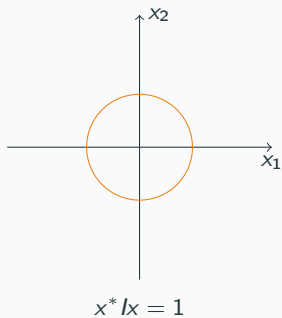
$$H = U\Lambda U^* = U|\Lambda|^{\frac{1}{2}} \underbrace{J|\Lambda|^{\frac{1}{2}}}_{G} U^* = G^* J G$$

$$J = \text{diag}(\pm 1, \dots, \pm 1) \quad (= \text{diag}(I_p, -I_{n-p}))$$

↓

$$[x, y]_H = [Gx, Gy]_J$$

# Indefinitni skalarni produkti



$x \in \mathbb{C}^n$  je **neutralan** ako je  $[x, x] = 0$ .

$$[x, x] < 0, \quad [y, y] > 0, \quad t \in \mathbb{R}$$

↓

$$0 = [x + ty, x + ty] = [x, x] + 2 \operatorname{Re}(x^* Jy)t + t^2[y, y]$$

Problem:  $[x, y] = 0, ty \in \operatorname{span}\{x\}$

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**Problem:**  $[x, y] = 0, \quad \forall y \in \operatorname{span}\{x\}$

Potprostor  $\mathcal{M} \subset \mathbb{C}^n$  je **degeneriran** ako postoji  $0 \neq x \in \mathcal{M}$  takav da je

$$[x, y] = 0, \forall y \in \mathcal{M}.$$

U suprotnom je  $\mathcal{M}$  **nedegeneriran**.



*J*-ortogonalni komplement potprostora  $\mathcal{M} \subset \mathbb{C}^n$  je potprostor

$$\mathcal{M}^{[\perp]} = \{x \in \mathbb{C}^n \mid [x, y] = 0, \quad \forall y \in \mathcal{M}\}$$

$$\mathcal{M} \text{ degeneriran} \Leftrightarrow \mathcal{M} \cap \mathcal{M}^{[\perp]} \neq \emptyset$$

Za potprostor  $\mathcal{M} \subset \mathbb{C}^n$  su sljedeće tvrdnje ekvivalentne:

1.  $\mathcal{M}$  je nedegeneriran
2.  $A^*JA$  je nesingularna, gdje stupci matrice  $A$  tvore bazu za  $\mathcal{M}$
3.  $\mathcal{M} \oplus \mathcal{M}^{[\perp]} = \mathbb{C}^n$
4.  $\mathcal{M}$  ima  $J$ -ortonormalnu bazu.

$A^{[*]} \in \mathbb{C}^{n \times n}$  je  $J$ -adjungirana matrica matrice  $A \in \mathbb{C}^{n \times n}$  ako je

$$[Ax, y] = [x, A^{[*]}y], \forall x, y \in \mathbb{C}^n.$$

$$A^{[*]} = JA^*J = \begin{pmatrix} A_{11}^* & -A_{21}^* \\ -A_{12}^* & A_{22}^* \end{pmatrix}$$

$A \in \mathbb{C}^{n \times n}$  je  $J$ -hermitska ako je

$$[Ax, y] = [x, Ay], \forall x, y \in \mathbb{C}^n.$$

$$A = JA^*J = \begin{pmatrix} A_{11} & -A_{21}^* \\ A_{21} & A_{22} \end{pmatrix}, \quad A_{11} = A_{11}^*, A_{22} = A_{22}^*$$

Matrica  $Q \in \mathbb{C}^{n \times n}$  je  $J$ -unitarna ako je

$$[Qx, Qy] = [x, y], \forall x, y \in \mathbb{C}.$$

$$Q^* J Q = J$$

$$Q^{[*]} = Q^{-1}$$

Napomene:

1.  $J$ -unitarne matrice čine multiplikativnu grupu zatvorenu na adjungiranje i  $J$ -adjungiranje
2.  $Q \in \mathbb{C}^{n \times n}$  nesingularna s  $J$ -ortonormiranim stupcima  $\Rightarrow Q$  nije nužno  $J$ -unitarna

$$M\ddot{x} + C\dot{x} + Kx = f$$

$$M > 0, \quad C \geq 0, \quad K > 0$$

⇓

$$M = L_2 L_2^T \quad K = L_1 L_1^T$$

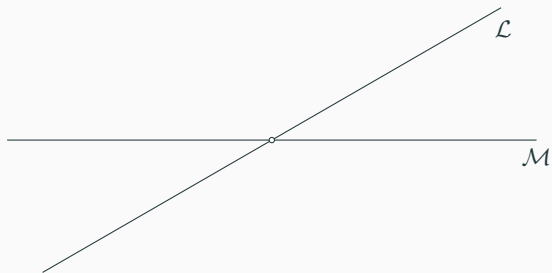
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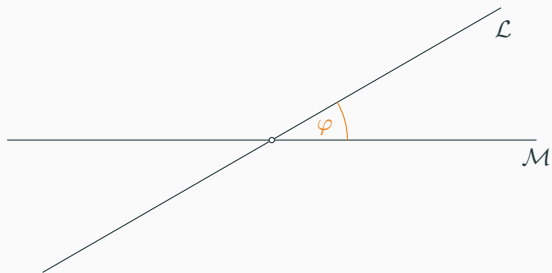
$$y_1 = L_1^T x$$

$$y_2 = L_2^T \dot{x}$$

⇓

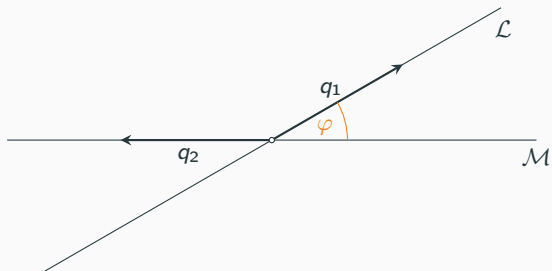
$$\frac{d}{dt} \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & L_1^T L_2^{-T} \\ -L_2^{-1} L_1 & -L_2^{-1} C L_2^{-T} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ L_2^{-1} f \end{bmatrix}$$



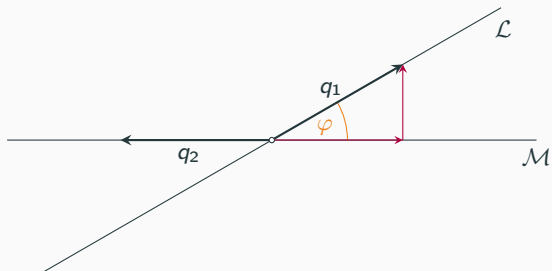


$$0 \leq \varphi \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

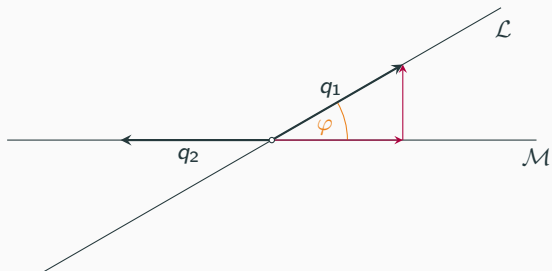




$$0 \leq \varphi \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$
$$\|q_1\|_2 = \|q_2\|_2 = 1$$



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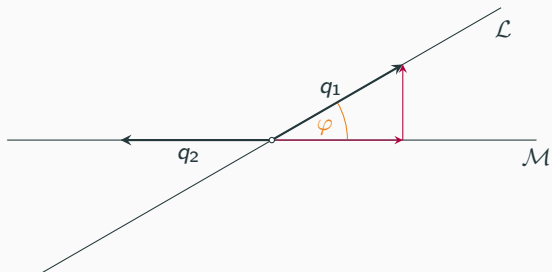


$$0 \leq \varphi \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\|q_1\|_2 = \|q_2\|_2 = 1$$

$$\cos \varphi = \|q_2 q_2^* q_1\|_2 = \|P_2 P_1\|_2$$

$$\sin \varphi = \|(I - q_2 q_2^*) q_1\|_2 = \|(I - P_2) P_1\|_2$$



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$$\varphi = 0 \Leftrightarrow \mathcal{M} = \mathcal{L}$$

$$\varphi = \frac{\pi}{2} \Leftrightarrow \mathcal{M} \perp \mathcal{L}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \dim \mathcal{L} = l & \dim \mathcal{M} = m \\ \mathcal{R}(Q_1) = \mathcal{L} & \mathcal{R}(Q_2) = \mathcal{M} \\ Q_1^* Q_1 = I_l & Q_2^* Q_2 = I_m \end{array}$$

$$|q_2^* q_1| \longrightarrow Q_2^* Q_1$$

tražimo kosinuse:

1.  $0 \leq c_i \leq 1$
2. unitarno invarijantni

$$\begin{pmatrix} Q_2^* \\ \tilde{Q}_2^* \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} Q_1 & \tilde{Q}_1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} Q_2^* Q_1 & Q_2^* \tilde{Q}_1 \\ \tilde{Q}_2^* Q_1 & \tilde{Q}_2^* \tilde{Q}_1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} U_1 & \\ & U_2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \Gamma & W_{12} \\ W_{21} & \tilde{\Gamma} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V_1^* \\ V_2^* \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Gamma = \begin{pmatrix} I & & \\ & C & \\ & & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \tilde{\Gamma} = \begin{pmatrix} I & & \\ & \tilde{C} & \\ & & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$1 > c_1 \geq \dots \geq c_r > 0$$

$$1 > \tilde{c}_1 \geq \dots \geq \tilde{c}_s > 0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} I & 0 & 0 & W_{14} & W_{15} & W_{16} \\ 0 & C & 0 & W_{24} & W_{25} & W_{26} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & W_{34} & W_{35} & W_{36} \\ W_{41} & W_{42} & W_{43} & I & 0 & 0 \\ W_{51} & W_{52} & W_{53} & 0 & \tilde{C} & 0 \\ W_{61} & W_{62} & W_{63} & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} I & 0 & 0 & W_{14} & W_{15} & W_{16} \\ 0 & C & 0 & W_{24} & W_{25} & W_{26} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & W_{34} & W_{35} & W_{36} \\ W_{41} & W_{42} & W_{43} & I & 0 & 0 \\ W_{51} & W_{52} & W_{53} & 0 & \tilde{C} & 0 \\ W_{61} & W_{62} & W_{63} & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$\begin{pmatrix} I & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & C & 0 & 0 & W_{25} & W_{26} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & W_{35} & W_{36} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & I & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & W_{52} & W_{53} & 0 & \tilde{C} & 0 \\ 0 & W_{62} & W_{63} & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} I & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & C & 0 & 0 & W_{25} & W_{26} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & W_{35} & W_{36} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & I & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & W_{52} & W_{53} & 0 & \tilde{C} & 0 \\ 0 & W_{62} & W_{63} & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} I & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & C & 0 & 0 & W_{25} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & W_{35} & W_{36} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & I & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & W_{52} & W_{53} & 0 & \tilde{C} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & W_{63} & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} I & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & C & 0 & 0 & W_{25} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & W_{35} & W_{36} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & I & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & W_{52} & W_{53} & 0 & \tilde{C} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & W_{63} & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} I & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & C & 0 & 0 & W_{25} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & W_{36} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & I & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & W_{52} & 0 & 0 & \tilde{C} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & W_{63} & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

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$$\begin{pmatrix} I & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & C & 0 & 0 & W_{25} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & I \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & I & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & W_{52} & 0 & 0 & \tilde{C} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & I & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} C & W_{25} \\ W_{52} & \tilde{C} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} C^2 + W_{52}^* W_{52} &= I \\ \tilde{C}^2 + W_{52} W_{52}^* &= I \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow W_{52} \text{ kvadratna i nesingularna}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} CW_{25} + W_{52}^* \tilde{C} &= 0 \\ CW_{52}^* + W_{25} \tilde{C} &= 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow W_{52} C^2 = \tilde{C}^2 W_{52} \Rightarrow \tilde{C}$$

$$W_{52}^* W_{52} = I - C^2 \Rightarrow W_{52} = \tilde{W}_{52} S, \quad S = (I - C^2)^{\frac{1}{2}},$$

$$\Rightarrow \tilde{W}_{52} \text{ unitarna, blok-konformalna s } C$$

$$\Rightarrow W_{25} = -S \tilde{W}_{52}^*$$



$$\begin{pmatrix} I & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & C & 0 & 0 & -S\tilde{W}_{52}^* & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & I \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & I & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & S\tilde{W}_{52} & 0 & 0 & \tilde{C} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & I & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} I & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & C & 0 & 0 & -S & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & I \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & I & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & S & 0 & 0 & \tilde{C} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & I & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Q_2^* Q_1 \leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} Q_2^* Q_1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} I \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} Q_2^* Q_1 \leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} Q_2^* \\ \tilde{Q}_2^* \end{pmatrix} Q_2 Q_2^* Q_1$$

$$J = \begin{pmatrix} I_p & \\ & -I_{n-p} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\dim \mathcal{L} = p$$

$$\mathcal{R}(Q_1) = \mathcal{L}$$

$$Q_1^* J Q_1 = I_p$$

$$\dim \mathcal{M} = p$$

$$\mathcal{R}(Q_2) = \mathcal{M}$$

$$Q_2^* J Q_2 = I_p$$

⇓

$$[Q_i x, Q_i x] = x^* Q_i^* J Q_i x = x^* x > 0, \quad x \neq 0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} Q_i & \tilde{Q}_i \end{pmatrix}^* J \begin{pmatrix} Q_i & \tilde{Q}_i \end{pmatrix} = J$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} Q_2^* \\ \tilde{Q}_2^* \end{pmatrix} J \begin{pmatrix} Q_1 & \tilde{Q}_1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} U_1 & \\ & U_2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \Gamma & W_{12} \\ W_{21} & \tilde{\Gamma} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V_1^* \\ V_2^* \end{pmatrix}$$

$$W_{11}^* W_{11} - W_{21}^* W_{21} = I$$

$$W_{22}^* W_{22} - W_{12}^* W_{12} = I$$

$$\Gamma = \begin{pmatrix} I & \\ & C \end{pmatrix} \quad \tilde{\Gamma} = \begin{pmatrix} I & \\ & \tilde{C} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$1 < c_1 \leq \dots \leq c_r$$

$$1 < \tilde{c}_1 \leq \dots \leq \tilde{c}_s$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} I & 0 & W_{13} & W_{14} \\ 0 & C & W_{23} & W_{24} \\ W_{31} & W_{32} & I & 0 \\ W_{41} & W_{42} & 0 & \tilde{C} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} I & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & C & 0 & W_{24} \\ 0 & 0 & I & 0 \\ 0 & W_{42} & 0 & \tilde{C} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} I & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & C & 0 & S \\ 0 & 0 & I & 0 \\ 0 & S & 0 & C \end{pmatrix}$$

$$S = (C^2 - I)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$



$Q$   $J$ -unitarna  $\Rightarrow$

$$Q = \left( \begin{array}{c|c} U_1 & \\ \hline & U_2 \end{array} \right) \left( \begin{array}{cc|cc} I & C & 0 & S \\ 0 & S & I & C \end{array} \right) \left( \begin{array}{c|c} V_1 & \\ \hline & V_2 \end{array} \right)^*$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} C & S \\ S & C \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}I & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}I \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}I & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}I \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}I & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}I \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}I & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}I \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} C+S & \\ & C-S \end{pmatrix}$$