A census of 2-(27, 6, 5) designs

Filip Martinović Joint work with: Marco Buratti and Anamari Nakić

University of Zagreb

Combinatorics 2024, June 3



Faculty of Electri Engineering and Computing

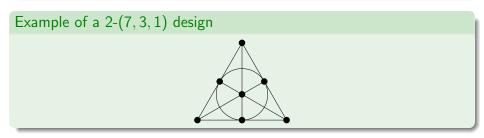


supported by Croatian Science Foundation project IP-2020-02-9752

Definition

A (v, k, λ) design is a pair D = (P, B) where P is a set of v points and B is a multiset of k-subsets of P (blocks) such that every 2-subset of P is contained in exactly λ blocks.

- <u>full automorphism group</u>: the group Aut(D) of all permutations on P leaving B invariant
- automorphism group: any subgroup of Aut(D)



Definition

- Let (G, +) be a group of order v (not necessarily commutative)
- Let $B \subseteq G$ be a subset of G
- Let Stab(B) be the G-stabilizer of B
- Let Orb(B) be the orbit of B under G

The list of differences from B is the multiset

$$\Delta B = \{x - y : x, y \in B, x \neq y\}$$

The list of partial differences is

$$\partial B = rac{1}{|Stab(B)|} \Delta B$$

Definition

A multiset $\{B_1, ..., B_t\}$ of k-subsets of G is a (v, k, λ) -difference family if every nonidentity element of G occurs λ times in $\partial B_1 \cup ... \cup \partial B_t$.

Theorem

If $\{B_1, ..., B_t\}$ is a family (v, k, λ) difference family in G, then $\bigcup_i Orb(B_i)$ is the block multiset of a (v, k, λ) design with point set G.

Definition

We say that a (v, k, λ) -design is <u>1-rotational</u> if it admits a group of automorphisms acting sharply transitively on all but one point.

Definition

- Let $\infty \notin G$
- Let $B \subseteq G$

• We define the list of partial differences of

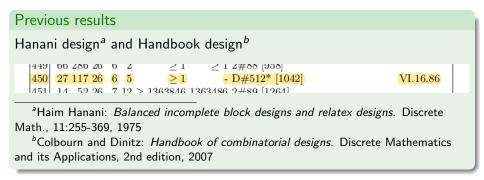
$$\partial(B \cup \{\infty\}) = \partial B \cup \frac{|B|}{|Stab(B)|} \{\infty\}$$

Definition

A multiset $\{B_1, ..., B_t\}$ of k-subsets of $G \cup \{\infty\}$ is a <u>1-rotational</u> (v, k, λ) <u>difference family</u> if every nonzero element of $G \cup \{\infty\}$ occurs λ times in $\partial B_1 \cup ... \cup \partial B_t$.

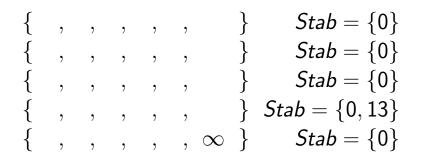
Theorem

If $\{B_1, ..., B_t\}$ is a 1-rotational (v, k, λ) difference family in G, then $\bigcup_i Orb(B_i)$ is the block multiset of a 1-rotational (v, k, λ) design with point set $G \cup \{\infty\}$.



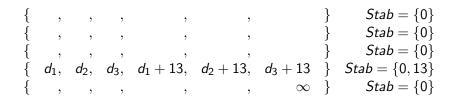
- In this talk $G = \mathbb{Z}_{26}$
- $\infty \notin G$
- ullet we necessarily have 5 base blocks one of which contains ∞





$30 + 30 + 30 + 15 + 25 = 5 \cdot |\mathbb{Z}_{26} \setminus \{0\} \cup \{\infty\}|$

Filip Martinović (University of Zagreb)



Generally

•
$$\partial B = \partial (B + g)$$

• $Orb(B) = Orb(B + g)$
for all $g \in G$ and $B \subseteq G$

Number of parameters: 21

Filip Martinović (University of Zagreb)

- representative for each base block (of type ABC, D or E)
- all possible lists of partial differences from all the representatives
- combinations of lists of partial differences that complete to a multiset equal to $(\mathbb{Z}_{26} \setminus \{0\}) \cup \{\infty\}$ repeated 5 times
- for each obtained combination look up representative base blocks that produce lists of partial differences in this combination
- number of constructable difference families: $142923488 \sim 1.43 \cdot 10^8$

- some of the designs obtained from these difference families are isomorphic
- we expect at least 30% of the designs repeated up to isomorphism
- $\bullet\,$ we assume that we would end up with around $\simeq 10^7$ non-isomorphic designs
- \bullet random construction yielded about 150000 non-isomorphic designs all with full automorphism group \mathbb{Z}_{26}
- rich automorphism groups are rare!

Further construction

For a = 1, 5, 7, 17 and b, c, d, e, f distinct:

$$X_0 = \{ 0, b, c, d, e, f \}$$

$$X_1 = \{ 0, 3b, 3c, 3d, 3e, 3f \}$$

$$X_2 = \{ 0, 9b, 9c, 9d, 9e, 9f \}$$

$$Y = \{ 1, 3, 9, 14, 16, 22 \}$$

$$Z = \{ a, 3a, 9a, 0, 13, \infty \}$$

Remark

4140 difference families with this construction

Filip Martinović (University of Zagreb)

230 non-isomorphic designs

- 1 design with full automorphism group of order 2106
 (a, b, c, d, e, f) = (1, 7, 19, 21, 22, 25)
- 229 non-isomorphic designs with full automorphism group of order 78
- Hanani design (a, b, c, d, e, f) = (1, 3, 6, 10, 15, 22)
- Handbook design (a, b, c, d, e, f) = (17, 1, 5, 6, 11, 23)
- these two are non-isomorphic!
- ≥ 150000 non-isomorphic designs with full automorphism group \mathbb{Z}_{26}

References

Colbourn, Charles J. and Jeffrey H. Dinitz (editors): *Handbook of combinatorial designs*.

Discrete Mathematics and its Applications (Boca Raton). Chapman & Hall/CRC, Boca Raton, FL, second edition, 2007, ISBN 978-1-58488-506-1; 1-58488-506-8.

Hanani, Haim: Balanced incomplete block designs and related designs. Discrete Math., 11:255–369, 1975, ISSN 0012-365X,1872-681X. https://doi.org/10.1016/0012-365X(75)90040-0.

Thank you for your attention!